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Resilience to climate change in Pakistan

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Pakistan is one of the country's most a ected and highly vulnerable due to climate change induced disasters. According to the global climate risk index (2017), Pakistan rankanongst the countries most adversely a ected by climate change. e major climate change threats to Pakistan are increasing extreme weather events, causing the rapid recession of the glaciers a intense oods. e purpose of this paper is to address population based responses to a major climate induced natural hazards in Pakistan. e areas most a ected by the 2010 oods, when studied 7 years later, o er an opportunity to examine some major responses which can fall both under adaption and resilience behavior. is study utilizes climate change environmental hazard data from the meteorological department, ood data from the national disaster management agency, to assess the relative risks of ooding being faced by people living in di erent geographies in Pakistan. e Pakistan Social and Living Standard Measurement (PSLM) survey 2014-15 and the census 2017 data is used to assess major changes that demonstrate resilie vulnerability to the oods at the individual, household and community levels. Di erences in responses ranging from livelihood patterns, migration or its proxies and investments in the next generation will be among the responses which will be examined as a re ection of long term adaptive behavior.

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