

World Conference on Ecology

March 19-20, 2018 | Berlin, Germany

(GXFDWLRQDO ĩHOGZRUNV WRZDUGV XUEDQ ELRGLYHUVLW\ S
PDQDJHPHQW RI .DQDJDZD FLW\ -DSDQ

Aida Mammadova¹ and Juan Pastor Ivar²

¹Kanazawa University, Japan

²UNU-IAS, Japan

Japanese gardens can be consider as the unique hubs to preserve urban biodiversity, as they provide the habitant for the diverse network of living organism, facilitating to the movement of the rare species around the urban landscape, became the refuge for the moss and many endangered species. For the centuries, Japanese gardens were considered as ecologically sustainable and well organized ecosystems, due to the skilled maintenances and management. However, unfortunately due to the depopulations and ageing in Japanese societies, gardens are becoming more abandoned, and there is an urgent need to increase the awareness about the importance of the Japanese gardens to preserve the urban biodiversity. In this study we have conducted the participatory educational fieldtrips for 12 students into five gardens protected by Kanazawa city and learned