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Background: Proton pump inhibitors (PPIs) are widely used for the treatment of acid-related gastrointestinal diseases. Recently, some studies have reported that PPIs can alter the gastric mucosal architecture, but the relationship remains controversial. is metaanalysis study was designed to quantify the association between long-term PPI administration and gastric atrophy.

Methods: A computerized search of PubMed was conducted to identify studies using the keywords (proton pump inhibitors OR PPI) and (gastric atrophy OR atrophic gastritis), published up to May 2016. Heterogeneity among studies was tested with the Q tes odds ratios (OR) and 95% con dence intervals (CI) ware calculated. P values were calculated by I<sup>2</sup> tests and regarded as statistica signi cant when <0.05.

Result: We identi ed 13 studies which included 1465 patients under long-term PPI therapy and 1603 controls, with a total gastric

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