

ANTHROPOMETRIC AND BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTORS FOR CHRONIC NON COMMUNICABLE DISEASES: AN URBAN COMMUNITY BASED SURVEY IN DELHI, INDIA

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The prevalence of chronic non-communicable diseases (CND) in India is increasing. In a community based survey in Delhi, India, the prevalence of CND was 26% in the age group 25-65 years. The prevalence of CND was 9% in the age group 12-24 years. The prevalence of CND was 7.5% in the age group 65-74 years. The prevalence of CND was 12% in the age group 75-84 years. The prevalence of CND was 17.5% in the age group 85-94 years. The prevalence of CND was 26% in the age group 25-65 years. The prevalence of CND was 9% in the age group 12-24 years. The prevalence of CND was 7.5% in the age group 65-74 years. The prevalence of CND was 12% in the age group 75-84 years. The prevalence of CND was 17.5% in the age group 85-94 years.

Biography

Ruchira Pangtey has completed her MBBS and internship from G.S.V.M. Medical College, C.S.J.M. University, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh. Currently, she is pursuing her Post Graduate degree in Community Medicine and Public Health from one of the reputed college of India, Maulana Azad Medical College, University of Delhi. She has participated in conference (international and national) and CMEs. She has presented poster in international conference and national conference. She is doing her thesis on "Prevalence of risk factors for chronic non communicable diseases".

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