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Current management practices in Meniere's disease

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Objective: To evaluate current trends in managing Meniere's disease (MD) by both general otolaryngologists and otologists/neurotologists and discuss treatment modalities.

Study Design: Cross-sectional study.

Setting: Survey of physicians.

Subjects & Methods: An electronic questionnaire was disseminated to all members of AAO-HNS.

Results: Eight hundred and sixty (860) members replied for a response rate of 14.5% for generalists and 35% for neurotologists. irty-nine percent (39%) of respondents believe that diet and life style changes are energia controlling symptoms in more than 50% of their MD patients. Overall, 72.8% of respondents used hydrochlorothiazide/triamterene (HCTZ/TAT) one nore always with neurotologists using HCTZ/TAT more one not than generalists (P<0.001). Half of neurotologists used IT steroids one nor always, compared to only 10% of generalists (P<0.001). Endolymphatic sac procedures are the most common surgeries and are used more one not neurotologists than by generalists (P<0.001). Meditoric Meniett device is used more by neurotologists (P<0.001) but it is not commonly used overall (69.2% never use).

Conclusion: Many options are available for the treatment of MD. Neurotologists tend to use a wider variety of medications in their treatment protocols than generalists. Neurotologists tend to perform surgical interventions more frequently than generalists. Our evidence shows signi cant heterogeneity for treatment of Meniere's disease among otolaryngologists. A guideline that outlines appropriate therapeutic options, dosing and treatment escalation is warranted.

Biography

Husevin Isildak is an Otologist/Neurotologist in Pe	nn State Hershey Medical Ce	nter LISA. He also serves as the	Director of Otology/Neurotology and Cochlear

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