<sup>3</sup>Rajanangal a University of Technology Isan, Thail and

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5<sup>th</sup> International Conference and Expo on

## Novel Physiotherapies

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Lower limb support ability of the affected leg during stepping is importance for ability relating to well-controlled walking in ambulatory patients with stroke

Siblition 1, Standard 1, AeCta 1,2, Libroria 1,3, PibNite 1,3, KetNite 1,3, PipAtan 1,3 and Libroria Kaen University, Thail and 2SamInternational Physiotherap Cinic, Thail and

Patients with stroke likely su er from the unilateral sensorimotor impairments that reduce their lower limb su (LLSA) of the a ected limb. However, previous studies have assessed the LLSA in various double stance postuveri ed its association with some variables related to walking ability. is study investigated the amount and dur LLSA of the a ected leg during stepping and their correlation to variables related to the ability of well-controlled 37 ambulatory patients with stroke. Subjects were interviewed and randomly assessed for the ability related to walking, including walking speed, dynamic balance ability, walking endurance, and symmetrical ratio during walking average LLSA on the a ected limb during stepping of the subjects was approximately 82% of their body-weigh particularly the amount, was moderately correlated to the variables related to the ability of well-controlled walking stepping was obviously lower than that of healthy individuals (approximately 95% of tweight). e ndings emphasized the importance of both the amount and duration of the LLSA during stepping for related to well-controlled walking in ambulatory stroke patients.

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