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## OPPONENTS AND PROPONENTS VIEWS REGARDING PALLIATIVE SEDATION AT END OF LIFE

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Palliative sedation is sedating a patient to the point of unconsciousness to relieve one or more symptoms, when all other possible measurements have failed. Palliative sedation is charged with controversy since developed. The purpose of this position statement paper is to support and discussing opponents and proponents' views comprehensively around palliative sedation in terminally ill patients. The most important dispute was if palliative sedation hastens death or not, if it can be used as physician-assisted suicide, if it legalized euthanasia and (or) if it violate patient's autonomy. The current authors are supporting palliative sedation with advanced incurable patients in order to alleviate patients suffering, palliative sedation offer to terminally ill patients' comfortable experience at end of life and allow them to die in peace. Palliative sedation should be encouraged to get health care facilities and legal support.

## IMPACT OF AGE AND FINANCIAL STATUS OF PATIENTS OR CAREGIVERS ON PERCEPTIONS OF HOSPICE CARE AND THE CHOICE OF HOSPICE V. HOSPITAL CARE AT TERMINAL DIAGNOSIS

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Hospice is designed to provide quality end-of-life medical care for patients and support for their families. Most insurance, including Medicaid, provides hospice benefits. Why then do so few people enter hospice? I hypothesized that the perception of hospice care as a last resort drives-6 (h)4 (esizep)-9 (o fa2 (id)6d)-3(e )1o-1.2 TD e fd aies-6 (h)4 (p)11 (p)-9 at for (er)-(u dr)mpn