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Is a predictor of higher morbidity during doing laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy? An

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**Objectives:** This study was to assess operative and post-operative complications, of laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy (LSG), in super-obese and compare it to morbid obese on in KKUH, Saudi Arabia.

**Methods:** We reviewed 708 medical records of consecutive patients who underwent LSG surgery at KKUH from 2009 till 2015. In addition, we compared our SMO (BMI  $\geq 50$  kg/m<sup>2</sup>) patients' data results to (our international reports) MO (BMI < 50 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) patients' category who underwent LSG.

**Results:** Male sex was predominant in SMO (63.6%). Both groups had homogeneous baseline characteristics and comorbidities except sleep apnea were higher in SMO. There is no significant difference in the duration of operation, length of stay and recovery

Notes: