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## PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY AND AGRICULTURE

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## Mapping and analyzing value chain of rice crop in Ayeyarwady region

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**Statement of the Problem**: In this paper, the value chain of rice crop in Ayeyarwady Region, Myanmar is analyzed. e issues with respect to the rice value chain are complex and multifaceted in this region. e challenge for Myanmar is thus to understand and, more importantly, identify the constraints facing the marketing system and develop strategies to overcome these bottlenecks. e purpose of this study is to structure of the rice value chain in Ayeyarwady Region, to analyze the marketing costs and margins of the various actors along the rice value chain, to study the socio-demographic characteristics of actors and to identify the dierent types of constraints on the value chain.

**Methodology & eoretical Orientation**: e di erent characteristics of di erent actors are identi ed by purposive and simple random sampling methods. e descriptive statistics, cost and return analysis, and marketing cost and marketing margin analysis are used in this study.

**Findings**: e studied rice value chain encompasses di erent actors: i.e. farmer, primary collector, miller, wholesaler, retailer and exporter. In this value chain, the millers receive the highest pro t share and the farmers have the highest marketing margin distribution. e observed rice value chain is not e cient since the marketing margin is unequally distributed along the chain. e encountered internal constraints are primarily material and production constraints. e external constraints are related to nancial, distribution and institutional issues.

**Conclusion & Signi cance**: e rice miller is the most protable actor and the primary collectors and farmers are the most vulnerable actors in the rice value chain. Farm mechanization and improving public and private extension programs are needed to raise the prot of the farmers. e development in infrastructure such as transportation, power supply and banking is needed to support through private-public partnership for the development of the rice value chain sector.

## **Biography**

Thuzar Linn is a Doctoral student studying in the Department of Business Informatics and Operations Management under the supervision of Prof. Dr. Broos Maenhout in the Faculty of Economics and Business Administrations at the Ghent University, Belgium. She is currently a Doctorate student. She is an Assistant Lecturer and has more than 10 years of work experience in teaching and research. She has one international publication in the feld of value chain analysis. Her doctoral research also specializes in the area of value chain analysis.

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