14th World Congress on

## **Infection Prevention and Control**

December 06-07, 2018 | Valencia, Spain

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n this study the e cacy of antiseptics on bacteria causing hospital infections has been studied. In this study the antimicrobial activity of Descocid, Korsolex basic, Mikrobac forte and persidin 1% was studied against bacteria causing hospital infections such as Enterobacter aeruginosa 1221 (NCTC 10006), Staphylococcus epidermidis (PTCC: 1435 (Cip81.55) and Pseudomon aeruginosa Strain PAO1. Sensitivities of bacteria were determined by Minimum inhibitory Concentration (MIC) and Minimum bactericidal Concentration (MBC) antiseptics. In the second stage, the concentration of antiseptics was prepared according to the manufacturer's suggested protocol and the e ect of antimicrobial agents were studied at the certain concentration and contact time All disinfectants (Descocid, Korsolex basic, Mikrobac forte) concentration and contact time, Accordance with the manufacturer's brochure, had inhibitory e eaciTm (Moh )]TJ 0h-inosa 12.s.9 (t)6 (er)-6 (i)-3 (a c)-3 (a)19.ssinbrcentration and (n)19 (f5 (in)4(t)6)