

+HDOWK ULVN DVVHVVP HQW RI FKHPLFDO SROOXWDQWV LQ DQ D

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7HKUDQ 8QLYHUVLW\ RI OHGLFDO 6FLHQFHV ,UDQ

Background: In recent years, many national and international expert groups have considered specific improvements in risk assessment of chemical pollutants. This study has considered to assess the risk of workers exposed to the air pollutants followed by inhalation exposure in an automobile manufacturing in Iran.

Methods: A cross-sectional research was done in Methods number 1501 and 7602 of the National Institute of occupational safety and Health (I (h wa)3 (s do)/TT0 1 Texposed to the aah (l (h(ra)> (s co)12 (n)8 (sider)13 (e)w4)JTJ /T1\_1 1 Tf -0.0 JTJ-6 (i)3h6 (i Td s)