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Cultivation and export of oriculture products have received considerable interest in recent years due to the secto immense potential to generate employment, income and export services. Assam due to its agro – climatic diversity a potential hub for cultivation of di erent ornamental plants. But the oriculture industry is being challenged mostly by di erent biotic stresses. For e ective management of the biotic stress, the causal agents needs be identified, character and studied thoroughly. e taxonomic studies on the bacterial pathogen is least reported from Assam and other states the North-Eastern region of India. e present investigation was made to isolate and determine the taxonomic position of the pathogenic bacterial isolates associated with owering and foliage ornamental plants of Assam. 32 samples of ornamental plants were collected from three major districts of Assam, viz., Tinsukia, Jorhat and Kamrup. Bacterial grow was con rmed in 18 diseased samples, which were then subjected to pathogenicity test in their respective host crop satisfy the Koch postulates. Six bacterial isolates, viz., could reproduce the symptoms in their respective hosts, viz.; Ge

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