## A Note on Contemporary Publication Ethics

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e discussion went on to criticize EPCC's publication fees as if they were unique and/or excessive. However, the author fails to disclose that publication fees are ubiquitous in the realm of academic publishing, and that many "top tier" journals have fee structures that are signi cantly higher that EPCC's fees. Another concern raised by the author had to do with EPCC's turnaround times on publication submissions. e author harshly criticized EPCC's "rapid" turnaround time, yet failed to mention that most top-tier journals currently o er expedited peer review. By way of comparison, EPCC's turnaround times are on a par with expedited reviews for the Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, Journal of Climate, and Geophysical Research Letters, among others.

Shortly a er this post appeared, a more vitriolic campaign was launched by a dogmatic website known as DeSmog Blog. is British-based site has brutally attacked a number of climate "skeptics" in the past, many of whom have had long and distinguished careers in the climate/environmental sciences [2]. e list includes such luminaries as John Coleman (founder of the Weather Channel), William Happer (endowed professor of physics at Princeton University), Jay Lehr (Executive Director of the National Association of Groundwater Scientists and Engineers), Patrick Michaels (former president of the American Association of State Climatologists), S. Fred Singer (founder of the satellite services branch of the National Weather Service) and Richard Lindzen (endowed professor of meteorology at MIT).

In an article titled "Editor of New 'Sham Journal' Is Climate Science Denier with Ties to Heartland Institute" DeSmog Blog's journalist, Graham Readfearn, attacked me, the Heartland Institute, and EPCC [3]. He boldly declared that some of the papers published in EPCC were "garbage and ridiculous." He founded his assertion on the fact that we have (to date) published "six papers claiming to refute the science linking human activity to dangerous climate change — claims that run counter to the conclusions of all the world's major science academies." In other words, if you buck the established line of thinking on anthropogenic global warming, DeSmog Blog will smear you as best it can.

is is a preferred tactic of those who believe they have the exclusive right to address the global warming "problem." e most publicized case of this sort of misconduct involved a reputable journal (*C...*, ) and its publisher, Otto Kinne. When Kinne refused to give the journal's editor-in-chief (Hans von Storch) permission to rebut a "skeptical" paper that was published in *C...*, von Storch and two other editors resigned in protest [4]. More importantly, the journal was blacklisted by a number of "alarmists" as they instructed others to avoid publishing in its pages. us, the seamy behavior of disenfranchising contrarians on the global warming issue is a long-standing practice in the "alarmist" camp.

e way to deal with this outlandish behavior is to carefully deconstruct any unfounded allegations piece by piece. In a news release published by the Heartland Institute, ("Clearing up the DeSmog Blog: Reducing Online Pollution, https://www.heartland.org/news-opinion/news/clearing-up-the-desmog-blog-reducing-online-pollution), I responded to the charge that I had conducted shoddy research in a brief but reasoned rebuttal [5]. In e ect, I pointed to the fact that the expert they called on to critique my work (Dr. Steven Sherwood) had clearly neglected to read my work in any great detail. As I said in the news release:

As for the allegations that EPCC is a "sham journal", I will state for the record that we engage in a fair and rigorous review process. All published materials are accepted on the merits of their scholarship and there is no deception, favoritism or fraud on the part of this journal. To say otherwise would be, at best, misinformed, and at worst, unethical. If other parties disagree with some of the materials we have posted, then they have the right, and to some extent, the obligation, to cra thoughtful, intelligent arguments to the contrary. To engage in libelous discourse, however, is not acceptable behavior in the professional literature. e "alarmists" in this debate should heed the words of Aristotle who said: "It is the mark of an educated mind to be able to entertain a thought without accepting it." How profound!

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