

Clinical Research on Foot & Ankle

Diabetic Foot: An overview

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Editorial

Diabetic foot ulcers are a physical issue to all layers of skin, rot or gangrene that generally happen on the bottoms of the feet, because of fringe neuropathy or fringe blood vessel sickness in diabetes mellitus (DM) patients. Understanding diabetic foot ulcers incorporate putrefaction or gangrene. Diabetic gangrene is a tissue demise brought about by a blockage of veins (ischemic rot) because of miniature emboli atherotrombosis which is brought about by occlusive fringe vascular sickness that goes with diabetics as a persistent intricacy of diabetes itself. Diabetic foot ulcers can be trailed by bacterial attack bringing about contamination and rot, can happen in any piece of the body particularly in the distal piece of the lower leg. Frequency of DFU keeps on expanding worldwide.⁶ Research from Leone et al,