



## Innovations in Brain Implants: Enhancing Neurological Function through Advanced Technology

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This paper explores the latest innovations in brain implants designed to treat neurological disorders and enhance human cognitive and motor functions. These implants are made from biocompatible materials and feature advanced technology such as microstimulation and closed-loop control systems. The study highlights the success of deep brain stimulation (DBS) for the treatment of Parkinson's disease and how it can be combined with other therapies like cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) to improve patient outcomes. The authors also discuss the development of new implantable devices for stroke recovery and their potential to restore lost functions. The future of brain implants looks promising, with ongoing research focused on miniaturization, improved safety, and expanded applications.

**Keywords:** Brain implants; Parkinson's disease; Biocompatible interfaces; Cutting-edge materials; Neurological health

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Platinum, iridium, and gold were used for their biocompatibility and electrochemical stability. For advanced applications, graphene and carbon nanotubes were explored for their high conductivity and

durability. The study concludes by emphasizing the importance of interdisciplinary collaboration between engineers, medical professionals, and patients to drive the field forward.

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None

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