



Keywords: ;C ;H ; ;

Introduction

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2. ;

master's degree in nursing, making it difficult to collect data from attainment, department of work, and palliative care training/seminar all the nurses in this cohort due to time constraints. Therefore, the participation. Part two of the questionnaire was the PCKQ-B, which researcher computed the sample size using Raoso so ware with a 5% margin of error, 95% confidence, and 50% response distribution. 327 unknown answers are incorrect. Hospital nurses' responses will be persons were sampled. Then the researcher recruited respondents using convenience sampling (Table 1). Hospital nurses who enroll, attend the system for the PCKQ-B instrument. This will happen regardless of trial, and care for patients will be considered. The study will exclude nurses' reactions.

nurses on leave, non-bedside nurses, and administrative nurses from data collection. It was submitted to the University of Hail ethics review committee after choosing the research topic. Cooperate with Saudi Arabian hospital officials in the Hail Region to approve this study. Each institution's nurses were subsequently briefed on the research study's goals. The questionnaire Google Form link was provided to responders after they sign the consent form. Any nurses who completed the link were considered respondents. A pilot research on 15 private hospital nurses in the Hail Region verified the instruments' internal consistency before giving them to the target nursing community. The Cronbach alpha reliability study showed reasonable reliability for the survey questions, with an alpha coefficient of 0.82. This study will use Palliative Care Knowledge Questionnaire-Basic (PCKQ-B) to assess nurses' knowledge. Part 1 of the questionnaire covers respondents' gender, age, years of hospital experience, nationality, highest educational

Results and Discussion

This study used particular tests to define anemia in Gaza Strip governmental hospital hemodialysis patients treated with erythropoietin. This section compares this study's results to others. The outcome could inform development processes, decision-maker suggestions, and programmes to aid this group.

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(28.1%).
, 11 - , 33 (84.1%).
H (1.9%), H (116, 39.3%),
H (1.9%), H (13.2%), H (1.6%).
(73.9%) 26.1% , 218
(169, 7.3%) ,
126 (42.7%) .

Strengths and limitations of the study

B ,
 ,
 .

Conclusion

A 70.2% ,