

# Maternal and Child Health Survey in Kometa Sub-locality, Mizan-Aman Town, Southwest Ethiopia

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## Abstract

**Background:** Maternal and child health problems gained greatest attention due to their preventability and are the key indicators of development. Greater than two-third of world population constitutes women and children who are Matemchdd headh probledeut&rlatMuat%h

Family planning can reduce maternal deaths from all causes, by

Approximately 111(13.2%) of the study participants were reported

## Discussions

Findings of this study demonstrated that early marriage was predominant practices in study populations. Many studies in developing countries also found results that agree with child marriage practices. Higher prevalence of early marriage is widely found in many ethno-cultural characteristics of Ethiopian society in marked degree of

## of Interest

The author declares that there is no conflict of interests.

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