

AA () 0.01 4.5.

Microbial Fuel Cells Construction

1.2 5.7 0.7 2.5 1 3% 3% 4 10 0.00399 24 1 2018. A. 6.7.

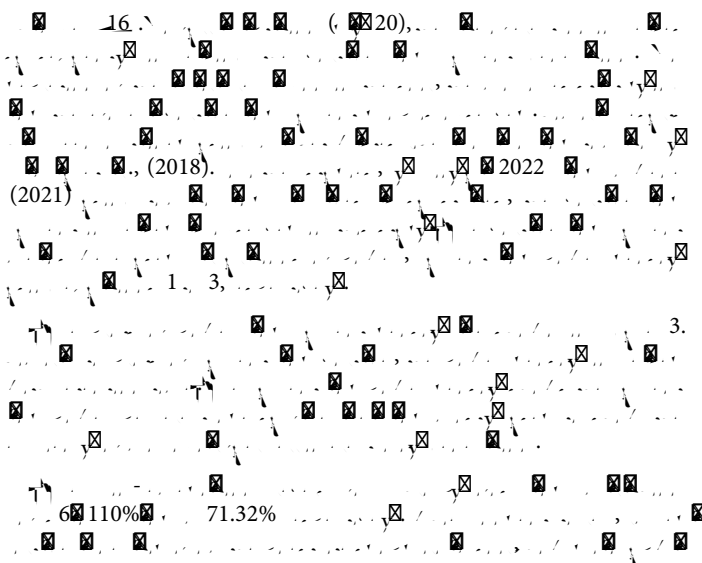
Bio-remediation studies

750 () 750 10 100 8.9 5 90 5 90 10 11 90.

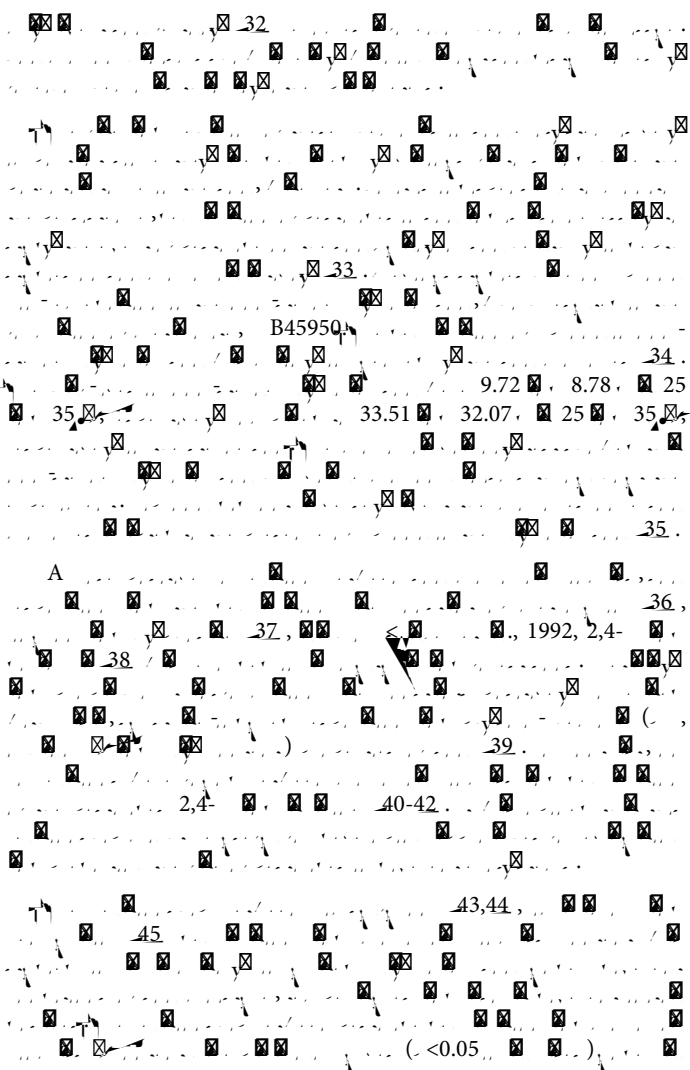
Results and Discussions

Loam soil properties

6.5-6.8, 0.51 1. 0.03, 0.01 1-2 24.8, 2.67 2.70, 0.32% 12. B A () 0 13 0.048, 33 1500/2061.



© Kinyua A, Mbugua JK, Mbui DN, Kithure JL, Wandiga SO, et al. (2022) Microbial Fuel Cell Bio-Remediation of Lambda Cyhalothrin, Malathion and Chlorpyrifos on Loam Soil Inoculated With Bio-Slurry. J Bioremediat Biodegrad, 13: 508. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.



Conclusions

The results of the study show that the microbial fuel cell (MFC) system is an effective method for the bioremediation of lambda cyhalothrin, malathion, and chlorpyrifos on loam soil inoculated with bio-slurry. The degradation percentage of lambda cyhalothrin, malathion, and chlorpyrifos was significantly higher in the MFC system compared to the control group ($p < 0.05$). The degradation percentage of lambda cyhalothrin, malathion, and chlorpyrifos was 65.80%, 71.32%, and 60% respectively. The degradation percentage of lambda cyhalothrin, malathion, and chlorpyrifos was significantly higher in the MFC system compared to the control group ($p < 0.05$).

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