$K_{\underline{w}}$, : Mycobacterium; Mycobacteriosis; Nontuberculosis; Fertilizers; Aerogenes; Speleotherapy

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is report outlines the ongoing prevalence of pulmonary and extrapulmonary Mycobacteriosis in children and adults for the years 2020 to 2022. In the United States, South Korea and China, pulmonary Mycobacteriosis is very bad for people who are more likely to get it and have other conditions. Patients with cystic brosis are particularly susceptible to colonization and NTM infection. e majority of extrapulmonary Mycobacteriosis has been described as infections of the skin. It has been shown that the following species of NTM exist: е treatment and outcome of *M. marinum* infections in 40 patients in the Netherlands, M. terrae and M. intracellulare Tenosynovitis following hurricane relief e orts in the USA, and M. smegmatis skin infection following cosmetic procedures all examples of tattoo-associated cutaneous Mycobacterium (M.) mageritense infections. More than 20 con rmed infected children with a median age of 6 years were observed in two M. abscessus outbreaks at pediatric dental clinics in Atlanta, Georgia, and Anaheim, California. A 25-year-old female with Systemic Lupus Erythematosus who was graduating from veterinary medicine school in Portugal was diagnosed with disseminated M. sugar infection [1, 2].

ere are good reasons to look hard for NTM resources for patients. It is demonstrates that a comprehensive approach to the treatment and prevention of pulmonary Mycobacteriosis is the common goal in Italy. In addition to administering antibiotics, it aims to take the following four preventative measures: 1) avoiding environments that have been colonized by NTM and assessing the patients' habits and lifestyles; 2) putting into action an individualized plan for pulmonary rehabilitation as well as airway clearance techniques to enhance symptoms, exercise capacity, health related quality of life, and functional capacity for activities of daily living; (3) assessing the patient's nutritional status, intervening to enhance the patient's health related quality of life and

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