

Nicotine and Alzheimers Disease: Mechanism for How the Fog of Smoke Increases the Fog of Dementia

Herbert B Allen* and Suresh G Joshi

Department of Dermatology, Drexel University College of Medicine, Philadelphia, USA

***Corresponding author:** Herbert B Allen, Department of Dermatology, Drexel University College of Medicine, 219 N. Broad St, 4th floor, Philadelphia, PA 19107, Philadelphia, USA, Tel: 2157625550; Fax: 2157625570; E-mail:

Helping prevent the fog of AD is but is one more reason to quit smoking

References

1. Cataldo JK, Prochaska JJ, Glantz SA (2010) Cigarette smoking is a risk factor for Alzheimer's Disease: an analysis controlling for tobacco industry. *JAlzheimers Dis* 19: 465-480.
2. MacDonald AB (2006) Spirochetal cyst forms in neurodegenerative disorders, hiding in plain sight. *Med Hypotheses* 67: 819-832.
3. Miklossy J (2016) Bacterial amyloid and DNA are important constituents of senile plaques: further evidence of the spirochetal and Vcj⁺ nature of senile plaques. *JAlzheimers Dis* 53: 1479-1473.
4. Allen HB (2016) Alzheimer's disease: Assessing the role of spirochetes, Vcj⁺ the immune system, and beta amyloid with regard to potential treatment and prevention. *JAlzheimers Dis* 53: 1271-1276.
5. Soscia SJ, Kirby JE, Washicosky KJ, Tucker SM, Ingelsson M, et al. (2010) Alzheimer's disease-associated A β -protein is an anti-microbial peptide. *PLoS ONE* 5: e9505.
6. Allen HB, Morales D, Jones K, Joshi SG (2016) Alzheimer's Disease: A novel hypothesis for the development and the subsequent role of beta amyloid. *JNeuroinfect Dis* 7: 211.
7. Allen HB, Moschella SL (2017) Leprosy through a new lens: Recognizing the role of Rifampin. *JAMA Dermatol*.