



Recognizing Early Signs of Dementia: Subtle Symptoms Often Mistaken for Normal Aging

Pria Nippak* and Housne Begum

Ryerson University, Health Services Management, Ted Rogers School of Management, Canada

Abstract

Dementia is a progressive cognitive disorder that significantly impacts an individual's memory, thinking, and daily functioning. Early detection is crucial for effective management and intervention. However, the early signs of dementia can be subtle and are often mistaken for normal aging. This manuscript explores these early symptoms, providing a comprehensive overview to aid in the early recognition of dementia and to distinguish it from typical age-related changes.

Keywords: Problem-Solving Issues; Temporal Disorientation; Spatial Confusion; Language Impairment; Communication Challenges;

***Corresponding author:** Pria Nippak, Ryerson University, Health Services Management, Ted Rogers School of Management, Canada, E-mail: p.nippak@torontomu.ca

Received: 1-Sep-2024, Manuscript No: dementia-24-148258, **Editor assigned:** 03-Sep-2024, PreQC No: dementia-24-148258 (PQ), **Reviewed:** 18-Sep-2024, QC No: dementia-24-148258, **Revised:** 23-Sep-2024, Manuscript No: dementia-24-148258 (R), **Published:** 30-Sep-2024, DOI: 10.4172/dementia.1000233

RESEARCH

7. Halbach M, Pfannkuche K, Pillekamp F (2007) Electrophysiological maturation and integration of murine fetal cardiomyocytes after transplantation. *Circ Res* 101: 484-492.
8. Halbach M, Krausgrill B, Hannes T (2012) Time-course of the electrophysiological maturation and integration of transplanted cardiomyocytes. *J Mol Cell Cardiol* 53: 401-408.
9. Templin C, Ghadri JR, Diekmann J (2015) Clinical features and outcomes of Takotsubo (stress) cardiomyopathy. *N Engl J Med.* 373: 929-938.
10. Austin SA, Floden AM, Murphy EJ, Combs CK (2006) α -synuclein expression modulates microglial activation phenotype. *J Neurosci* 26: 10558-10563.