Rice Post-Harvest Management: Maintaining Grain Quality for a Sustainable Future

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This article explores the significance of rice post-harvest management, emphasizing its role in minimizing losses, preserving quality, and ensuring food safety. Rice, as a cornerstone of global food security, necessitates meticulous post-harvest management to ensure its quality, safety, and availability for a growing world population. Key practices such as drying, cleaning, storage, milling, and packaging are discussed, alongside innovative solutions including solarpowered technologies, pest management strategies, IoT integration, and value-added product development. Efective post-harvest management is indispensable in securing a sustainable future for rice production and global food security.

K^L : Rice, Post-harvest management; Grain preservation;

pivotal in maintaining consumer con dence and satisfaction. Safetstorage, milling, and packaging is central to achieving the goals concerns associated with rice can arise from various sources, including quality preservation and loss reduction. Each of these practices mold growth, mycotoxins, and contamination during storage and contributes to the overall quality and safety of rice. Proper drying is transportation. Post-harvest management practices play a vital role paramount to prevent moisture-related damage. It reduces the risk of ensuring food safety [6]. By employing appropriate storage methodsold growth and insect infestations, ensuring that rice can be safely and packaging, the risk of contamination is signi cantly reduced for extended periods [7]. Cleaning removes impurities, debris, safeguarding the health of consumers. is is particularly crucial in and broken grains, enhancing the visual appeal and market value of

regions where rice is a primary dietary staple. e implementation of key post-harvest management practices such as drying, cleaning,

rice. Adequate storage facilities, such as silos and warehouses with temperature and humidity control, are vital in protecting rice from pests and environmental factors. Milling removes the outer husk and bran layers, yielding polished white rice. E ective milling techniques are necessary to meet quality standards. Proper packaging materials and methods keep rice fresh, prevent contamination, and extend its shelf life. Solar dryers and storage facilities o er sustainable, cost-e ective solutions, particularly in o -grid regions, reducing reliance on fossil fuels [8]. Integrated pest management (IPM) techniques, including hermetic storage bags and biological control agents, minimize postharvest losses caused by pests without the use of harmful chemicals. Integration of Internet of ings (IoT) sensors and data analytics enables real-time monitoring of storage conditions, allowing farmers to make data-driven decisions to protect their rice stocks [9]. Utilizing rice byproducts, such as rice bran and husk, to create value-added products like rice bran oil and our, not only reduces waste but also provides additional income streams for farmers. Rice post-harvest management is an essential component of sustainable agriculture and food security. By implementing e ective practices and embracing innovative technologies, we can reduce losses, preserve rice quality, and ensure food safety. As the global population continues to grow, it is crucial to optimize rice post-harvest management to meet the

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increasing demand for this vital staple crop and contribute to a more sustainable future [10].

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In the intricate tapestry of global agriculture and food security, rice stands as a linchpin, nourishing billions and sustaining communities across the world. However, the journey from paddy eld to dinner plate is not without its challenges. It is in the realm of post-harvest management that we nd the key to unlocking the full potential of this vital grain for a sustainable future. e discussions on rice post-harvest management have underscored its undeniable importance. From minimizing losses and preserving quality to ensuring food safety, the signi cance of these practices cannot be overstated. In a world where food security is a pressing concern, these e orts are instrumental in safeguarding the availability of rice, a dietary staple for billions. practices within post-harvest management - drying, cleaning, storage, milling, and packaging - are the cornerstones of quality preservation and loss reduction. ese practices, when executed meticulously, not only bolster the economic value of rice but also uphold its cultural and nutritional signi cance. Furthermore, the innovative solutions that are shaping the future of rice post-harvest management hold immense promise. Solar-powered technologies, pest management strategies, IoT integration, and value-added product development are paving the way for more sustainable and e cient practices, reducing waste, and increasing farmers' income. As we navigate the challenges of feeding a burgeoning global population, the need for a resilient and sustainable rice production system has never been more critical. Rice post-harvest management is not merely a series of practices; it is a linchpin for food security, economic prosperity, and environmental sustainability. In the collective e orts to build a sustainable future, let us not underestimate the power of meticulous rice post-harvest management. By embracing these practices and innovations, we can fortify our global food systems, ensure the continued availability of this cherished grain, and pave the way for a future where rice sustains both body and planet.

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