

Role of the Rheology in the New Emerging Technologies as 3D Printing

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Nowadays, the thermo-rheological measurements are essential for all processing technologies, being critically relevant in those emerging technologies as 3D printing, as indicated in several comprehensive works [1,2]. Monitoring of the thermo-rheological behaviour of the materials during processing is a key factor in their manufacturing [3]. The current trends in rheological measurements for 3D printing are: steady-shear flow curves (apparent viscosity vs. shear rate), oscillatory data (viscous and elastic moduli vs. angular frequency), creep and recovery curves (compliance modulus vs. time), temperature sweeps (apparent viscosity or viscoelastic moduli vs. temperature) or tribological profiles. Above measurements have been extensively used to characterize materials and select suitable candidates for 3D-printing [4]. In this context, relations between materials mechanical characteristics and 3D printability have been intended [5].

It should be highlighted that 3D printing is more than just an innovation – it is the future of the manufacturing industries [6]. Most of the research works on emerging printing technologies for non-food applic. Id CID 7w [(t)-5 (en-B)/e(ur)13 (p)11.1 tting technolo (b)7 ntn-iz pr(s t)-6 (h)hnolo (b)7 nteerr 3D-ear 6d.5 .1 (er4c[06 (er)-5.9 (i)(p)-9 f ten-Ben-Bomanood apld be216(i)-3 (a)7w [(t)-5 (en-B)/-5.9 (i) (en8.9r)dpa1.6 ().9-6.cc (n7b t6) (rbt)-5 (en-B)(e5e)-5TIn)4 (o)12 -6D 7wuan5er(w2

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