

Tjg Ko raev qh Afxapeg Eatg Pnappkpi hqt Eatg J q o g Rgukfgpvu ykvj Fg o gpvka qp J qurkvan Af o kuukqp apf Fgavj kp Ptghgttgf Pnaeg qh Eatg

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Discussion

Psychiatry and Geriatrics have long been regarded as the Cinderellas of Medicine, but surely care home medicine is the real Cinderella. Despite being some of the most vulnerable members of society, care home residents often have poor access to health care and very short life expectancy. Although functional decline and health crises are inevitable, they are often treated as unexpected, and managed reactively by an outdated model of healthcare with acute hospitals at its heart.

So what are the alternatives?

There is good evidence from Canada and Australia [1,2] to suggest that many of the health needs of care home residents can be managed in their own environment without resort to hospital admission, with no adverse effect upon mortality and with greater satisfaction for both patients and carers.

As a liaison psychiatrist I had first-hand experience of the plight of people with dementia admitted to hospital, sometimes in their dying hours or days. Well-meaning and often futile intervention was common, but profoundly distressing for both patients and their loved ones, who rarely had the benefit of previous discussion about health, prognosis and preferences. Our local surge in admissions of people from care homes in late 2009 was frustrating for doctors and nurses on the wards, since many of these patients seemed to be admitted solely to die, and the staff were aware of the inadequacies of the system but felt unable to influence it. Knowledge of the literature and the fortuitous meeting with a member of the Bromhead Medical Charity at a dementia workshop led to a successful application for a grant to set up a service for people with dementia living in care homes in Boston, Lincolnshire.

The service comprised two Registered General Nurses experienced in

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