

## Introduction

The bones of the foot are made up of thirty-three bones, twenty-six joints and more than a hundred muscles, tendons and ligaments. The foot serves primarily as a weight-bearing joint and provides a solid foundation for support to stand on. The lines are attached to the bones that form the joints. The anatomy of the foot is divided into 3 categories: Forefoot, Midfoot and Hindfoot.

The skeletal structure can be a set of bones in the middle part of the foot. Each foot has 5 metatarsal bones, all of which are connected to the phalanges on the toes. The skeletal structure of the adductus refers to a state in which the bone marrow of the skeletal area turns to the center of the body. This causes obvious paralysis, and the unit of each foot area is often affected. Foot deformity in children consists of a disability that is not inherited or does not benefit from a foot inheritance. 2 common examples of the area of the foot unit equinovarus, commonly called talipes, and the adductus bone structure, called the skeletal structure varus. With the adductus structure of the bone, the normal clinical condition of pain within the bases of the lateral metatarsal region and the cuboid region can be difficult to treat. This condition is diagnosed as periostitis which can be a depressive disorder. It is classified as cuboid syndrome or inflammation of the fourth and fifth metatarsocuboid joints. If your child has an adductus skeletal muscle, you will notice that his or her foot contains a line. The front part of the foot (forefoot) points inwards and will be slightly rotated below. The inside of the foot looks sharp, and the top of the foot is added. However, not like talipes, there is no fall of the feet. Causes of Adductus Bone Structure - The definition of adductus bone structure is unknown. No relationship was found with the age of the pregnancy at birth, the mother's age at birth or by birth order. One theory holds that this condition is due to the fact that the craniate is firmly attached to the uterus throughout development. This can cause abnormal posture and paralysis of the foot. Diagnosis of Metatarsus adductus can be obtained by physical examination. Telltale's symptoms of this condition include a high arch