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Introduction

Ner e inj rama res l in m l iple changes i hin he cen ral ner o s s s em ha perpe a e he pain e perience. Increased n mbers of he signals called ac ion po en ials ca se hapersensi i i o pain. Redis rib ion of sanapses, hich connec he ner e cells es ablishing a circ i allo ing he cells o comm nica e i h each o her, for mechanorecep ors, ha generall recei e pain signals, ca ses percep ion of pain o non-painf l s im li [1]. Increased recep i e eld si e, especialla in he dorsal horn cells, a gro p of ner e cells si a ed in col mns in he back of he spinal cord, res 1 s in spread of pain. happens beca, se of ne, ral plas ici 🛭 hich is he, e ible abili 🗷 of he ner o s iss e o modif heir connec ions or circ i s o accommoda e o circ ms ances, in he cen ral ner o s sas em. e se of e ercise and psachological rea men s ma be e ec i è in persis en or chronic pain beca se hese rea men s re rain he ner o s sas em o re-es ablish more normal ne ral connec ions [2]. Ne rops schia ric assessmen forms a par of a m l idisciplinar approach of he managemen of persis en pain. erefore he ne rops achia ra is a member of he m l idisciplinar eam orking o ards a common goal [3]. E ec i e o comes are achie ed i h open and on-going comm nica ion among he ario s eam members. E amina ion of he cen ral ner o s sas em and m sc loskele al sas em is done if necessara. Mos pa ien s o ld ha e alreada ndergone de ailed e amina ions ba he referring s rgeon or phasician and old ha e records of sche al a ions. Men al s a s e amina ion gi es a comprehensi e idea of he pa ien s presen s a e of mind [4]. Assessmen of f nç ion abili ies and de ci s, mobili , self-care, physical performance, energy le els, oca ional, familial, social and se f alaf no ion. Ra ing scales and ins r men s are objec i e meas ring de ices ha are sed rs in he ini ial assessmen