

## Marine Poisons in Neurotoxicity

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### Abstract

Marine harming results from the ingestion of marine creatures that contain poisonous substances and causes significant disease in waterfront districts. Three primary clinical conditions of marine harming have significant neurological side effects — ciguatera, tetrodotoxin harming, and crippled shellfish harming. Ciguatera is the commonest disorder of marine harming and is portrayed by moderate to extreme gastrointestinal impacts (spewing, the runs, FLJXDWHUD \*HQWOH JDVWURLQWHVWLQDO LPSDFWV DQG D SOXPPHWLQJ ORVV RI H[WUHPH KDUPLQJ ORVV RI EDVLVFRYDORJL FNO\ DGYDQFHV WR UHVSLUDWRU\ GLVDS

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### Introduction

Marine poisoning is a condition that results from the ingestion of marine creatures that contain poisonous substances. It is a common cause of neurotoxicity and can lead to a range of symptoms, including dizziness, headache, and nausea. The most common type of marine poisoning is ciguatera, which is caused by the ingestion of coral reef fish. Other types of marine poisoning include tetrodotoxin poisoning and shellfish poisoning. The symptoms of marine poisoning can be severe and long-lasting, and it is important to seek medical attention if you suspect you have been poisoned.

### Ciguatera

Ciguatera is a neurotoxic condition caused by the ingestion of coral reef fish. It is characterized by a range of symptoms, including dizziness, headache, and nausea. The symptoms of ciguatera can be severe and long-lasting, and it is important to seek medical attention if you suspect you have been poisoned. Ciguatera is caused by the ingestion of coral reef fish, which contain a toxin called ciguatera toxin. This toxin is transferred to the fish through the coral reef ecosystem.

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### Neurotoxicity

Neurotoxicity is a condition that results from the ingestion of marine creatures that contain poisonous substances. It is characterized by a range of symptoms, including dizziness, headache, and nausea. The symptoms of neurotoxicity can be severe and long-lasting, and it is important to seek medical attention if you suspect you have been poisoned. Neurotoxicity is caused by the ingestion of marine creatures that contain poisonous substances, which can damage the nervous system.

### Shellfish poisoning

Shellfish poisoning is a condition that results from the ingestion of shellfish that contain poisonous substances. It is characterized by a range of symptoms, including dizziness, headache, and nausea. The symptoms of shellfish poisoning can be severe and long-lasting, and it is important to seek medical attention if you suspect you have been poisoned. Shellfish poisoning is caused by the ingestion of shellfish that contain poisonous substances, which can damage the nervous system.

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