



Journal of Clinical Diabetes

Interoperability: The ability of HIT systems to share data across different healthcare settings and devices is crucial for diabetes management. Interoperability ensures that patient information is readily available to healthcare providers, improving the continuity of care and reducing the risk of medical errors.

Conclusion

Health Information Technologies have significantly enhanced diabetes management by providing tools and platforms that enable remote monitoring, data analysis, patient education, and better decision-making. These technologies not only improve the quality of care but also empower patients to play a more active role in managing their diabetes, ultimately leading to better health outcomes and an improved quality of life for individuals living with this chronic condition.

Conflict of Interest

None

References

1. Wei J, Goldberg MB, Burland V, Venkatesan MM, Deng W, et al. (2003) Serotype 2a strain 2457T. *Infect Immun* 71: 2775-2786.
2. Kuo CY, Su LH, Perera J, Carlos C, Tan BH, et al. (2008) Antimicrobial susceptibility of *Shigella* isolates in eight Asian countries, 2001-2004. *J Microbiol Immunol Infect* 41: 107-11.
3. Gupta A, Polyak CS, Bishop RD, Sobel J, Mintz ED (2004) Laboratory and patterns. *Clin Infect Dis* 38: 1372-1377.
4. Murugesan P, Revathi K, Elayaraja S, Vijayalakshmi S, Balasubramanian T (2012) Distribution of enteric bacteria in the sediments of Parangipettai and Cuddalore coast of India. *J Environ Biol* 33: 705-11.
5. Torres AG (2004) Current aspects of *Shigella* pathogenesis. *Rev Latinoam Microbiol* 46: 89-97.
6. Bhattacharya D, Bhattacharya H, Thamizhmani R, Sayi DS, Reesu R, et al. (2014) Shigellosis in Bay of Bengal Islands, India: Clinical and seasonal patterns, surveillance of antibiotic susceptibility patterns, and molecular characterization of multidrug-resistant *Shigella* strains isolated during a 6-year period from 2006 to 2011. *Eur J Clin Microbiol Infect Dis* 33: 157-170.
7. Bachand N, Ravel A, Onanga R, Arsenault J, Gonzalez JP (2012) Public health markets of Gabon, Central Africa. *J Wildl Dis* 48: 785-789.
8. Saeed A, Abd H, Edvinsson B, Sandström G (2009) *Acanthamoeba castellanii* an environmental host for *Shigella dysenteriae* and *Shigella sonnei*. *Arch Microbiol* 191: 83-88.
9. Iwamoto M, Ayers T, Mahon BE, Swerdlow DL (2010) Epidemiology of seafood-associated infections in the United States. *Clin Microbiol Rev* 23: 399-411.
10. Von-Seidlein L, Kim DR, Ali M, Lee HH, Wang X, Thiem VD, et al. (2006) A multicentre study of *Shigella* diarrhoea in six Asian countries: Disease burden, clinical manifestations, and microbiology. *PLoS Med* 3: e353.