$Ke_{\mathscr{N}}$ **d:** Psychological distress; Burnout; Social workers; Cognitive-behavioral techniques

I ⊠ d c⊠

Palliative care professionals are tasked with providing compassionate, holistic care to patients facing serious, life-limiting illnesses. is eld requires a unique blend of clinical expertise, emotional intelligence, and the ability to support patients and their families through some of the most challenging phases of life. However, the inherent demands of palliative care, including frequent exposure to su ering and death, place signi cant emotional and psychological burdens on healthcare providers. ese pressures can lead to high levels of stress, burnout, and compassion fatigue; compromising the well-being of caregivers and the quality of care they deliver [1].

Resilience, de ned as the ability to adapt and thrive in the face of adversity, is a crucial attribute for palliative care professionals. Resilience training has emerged as a promising approach to help healthcare providers manage stress, enhance coping mechanisms, and sustain their capacity to provide high-quality care [2]. By focusing on strategies such as mindfulness, self-compassion, cognitive restructuring, and peer support, resilience training aims to bolster the inner resources of palliative care professionals, enabling them to maintain their physical and mental health amidst the challenges of their is study investigates the implementation and e ectiveness of resilience training programs tailored speci cally for palliative care rough a comprehensive evaluation of these interventions. providers. we aim to assess their impact on reducing burnout, enhancing job satisfaction, and improving overall well-being among palliative care teams. By addressing the unique stressors faced by these professionals, resilience training can play a pivotal role in fostering a sustainable and supportive work environment [3].

a⊠ca⊠⊠ beWee e. a⊠e⊠ee ⊠ ae ead a ⊠a aea⊠ e ⊠febaace⊠

E a ced ba⊠ fac⊠ a d fe a_f / e⊠

e increase in job satisfaction reported by participants highlights the value of resilience training in fostering a more ful lling professional experience. By equipping palliative care providers with the skills to cope with the emotional demands of their work, the training programs helped them to rediscover a sense of purpose and ful llment in their roles. is improvement in job satisfaction is crucial for the retention of skilled professionals in the palliative care eld, which o en faces high turnover rates due to burnout [6].

I, ed⊠ead√acad ⊠e e aea⊠

e training also had a positive impact on team dynamics and interpersonal relationships within palliative care teams. By promoting $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

Integrating resilience training into the standard professional development curriculum for palliative care providers can enhance their capacity to deliver high-quality care while maintaining their own health and well-being. Healthcare institutions should prioritize the implementation of these programs and provide ongoing support to ensure their sustainability and e ectiveness [8]. demonstrate that resilience training signi cantly enhances the emotional resilience of palliative care providers, leading to reduced levels of burnout and improved job satisfaction. Participants reported increased ability to manage stress, improved work-life balance, and enhanced interpersonal relationships within their teams. underscores the critical need for institutional support in fostering resilience among palliative care professionals to ensure the sustainability and quality of care provided to patients and their families. is research highlights the transformative potential of resilience training programs and advocates for their integration into palliative care education and professional development frameworks. Future studies should explore long-term outcomes and the integration of resilience training within diverse palliative care contexts to further validate and re ne these interventions [9].

While this study provides valuable insights into the bene ts of resilience training, future research should explore several areas to further validate and re ne these interventions. Long-term studies are needed to assess the enduring e ects of resilience training on palliative care providers' well-being and job performance. Additionally, research should examine the species components of resilience training that are most e ective and how these can be tailored to meet the diverse needs of dierent palliative care settings and professional roles [10].

C c

Resilience training for palliative care professionals is a vital intervention that addresses the unique challenges of this demanding