

Case Report

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Introduction

and agranulosytosis [10,11]. In the case, even a er re-starting e November 2007 quetiapine package insert carries the warning "leukopenia, neutropenia, and agranulocytosis (including fatal cases)" have been reported related to atypical antipsychotics, including quetiapine" [1]. ere are, however, few case reports that document 3A4 inhibition without hematologic sequelae. e rapid drop and this problem, including in children [2-7]. e authors are not aware recovery of the neutrophil count is a nding consistent with 6-10 of any reports describing medication interactions with quetiapinehours intra-vascular life of neutrophils [12]. Without the blood drug that produced sudden onset neutropenia. We are reporting a casel of els, it is di cult to quantify the increase in quetiapine level. Still the leukopenia following the introduction of erythromycin in a woman ndings in this case report, point to a likely toxic etiology arising from who had tolerated 300 mg quetiapine/day for over two years the interaction of the erythromycin and quetiapine given to the patient treat successfully her bipolar depression. Both the quetiapine and [13,14]. e chronological sequence of events leads us to think that erythromycin were stopped due to her declining absolute neutrophil count and white blood cell count. Her absolute neutrophil count and white blood cell count (WBC) promptly recovered. A re-challenge a sudden increase in the quetiapine levels and thereby its substrates was done with quetiapine without erythromycin and her absolute

neutrophil count and white count remained within the normal range.

Case Report

(Figure 1).

Discussion

Ms. B, a 37-year-old female with a history of bipolar disorder was stable on quetiapine 300 mg/day for more than 2 years. ere was no history of any blood dyscrasia, neutropenia or leukopenia. At the time of admission, patient was admitted for severe upper respiratory tract infection and routine blood counts were normal.

On day 3, Ms. B was started on erythromycin for treating her helicobacter pylori infection and metoclopramide for the nausea. e patient was getting prochlorperazine from a day earlier. Day 4, Ms. B was noted to have a decline in her white blood cell count. e total white count dropped to 3.8 K/µL from her baseline of 6.3 K/µL. e neutrophil count dropped to 42% from a baseline around 68%, with a drop in the absolute neutrophil count from baseline $4.8/\mu$ L to $1.2/\mu$ L. A psychiatry consult was called to consider quetiapine being a possible cause for the neutropenia and leukopenia. Immediately erythromycin, quetiapine, metoclopramide and prochlorperazine were stopped.

Her WBC returned to normal, with normalization of the absolute neutrophil count, on the next day. On day 5, prochlorperazine was restarted on the gastro-enterology consult service recommendation. On the same day, quetiapine was also added, at the initial dose of 300 mg/ day at the bedtime. Erythromycin was not re-started. On subsequent days, the total white count, neutrophil count, absolute neutrophil count and other laboratory values stabilized and remained within the normal range. Within next 3-5 days, absolute neutrophil count



came back to between 3-3.5/µL. e white count also, normalized to Corresponding author: Vikrant Mittal, St Luke's University & Health Network, 5.3 K/µL. Patient's recovery was uneventful given rapid intervention Ostrum Street, Bethlehem PA 18015, USA, Tel: 610-526-4421; E-mail: and stopping of medications. During a 2 month follow-up out-patientvikrantmd@gmail.com

visit, patient was still on guetiapine and had normal hematologic leverseceived February 20, 2013; Published May 17, 2013

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Clozapine, olanzapine, and quetiapine can cause dose depender vight: © 2013 Vikrant M, et al . This is an open-access article distributed under myelotoxicity leading to neutropenia [8,9]. Erythromycin and the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and prochlorperazine have also been associated with neutropeniaurce are credited.

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